



DR SHANE O'NEILL
PLASTIC & HAND SURGEON

EYELID SURGERY

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WHAT IS EYELID SURGERY?

Eyelid surgery, called blepharoplasty, is a surgical procedure to improve the appearance of the eyelids. Surgery can be performed on either the upper or lower lids, or both. Whether you want to improve your appearance or are experiencing functional problems with your eyelids, eyelid surgery can rejuvenate the area surrounding your eyes.

Specifically, eyelid surgery can treat:

- Loose or sagging skin that creates folds or disturbs the natural contour of the upper eyelid, sometimes impairing vision
- Excess fatty deposits that appear as puffiness in the eyelids
- Bags under the eyes
- Drooping lower eyelids that reveal white below the iris
- Excess skin and fine wrinkles of the lower eyelid

In general, good candidates for eyelid surgery include:

- Healthy individuals who do not have a life-threatening illness or medical conditions that can impair healing
- Non-smokers
- Individuals with a positive outlook and specific goals in mind for eyelid surgery
- Individuals without serious eye conditions

Remember that the eyelids are part of the face. The appearance of a drooping upper lid may also be due to relaxation of the forehead skin and eyebrow. Sometimes a drooping eyelid is caused by stretching of one of the upper eyelid muscles, the levator. Dr O'Neill will evaluate your anatomy thoroughly to determine the causes of your eyelid appearance, and what procedures might best remedy them.



CONSULTATION & PREPARING FOR SURGERY

During your consultation be prepared to discuss:

- Your surgical goals
- Medical conditions, drug allergies, and previous medical treatments and specifically any problems you have had with your eyes
- Current medications, vitamins, herbal supplements, alcohol, smoking, and drug use
- Previous surgeries

Dr O'Neill will also:

- Evaluate your general health status and any pre-existing health conditions or risk factors
- Take photographs
- Discuss your eyelid surgery options
- Recommend a course of treatment
- Discuss likely outcomes of eyelid surgery and any potential risks
- Discuss the type of anaesthesia that will be used

Prior to surgery, you may be asked to:

- Get pathology testing or a medical evaluation
- Take certain medications or adjust your current medications
- Stop smoking
- Avoid taking aspirin, anti-inflammatory drugs, and herbal supplements as they can increase bleeding

Eyelid surgery may be performed in an accredited office-based surgical facility, outpatient or licensed ambulatory surgical center, or a hospital. Be sure to arrange for someone to drive you to and from surgery and to stay with you for at least the first night following surgery.

Be sure to ask questions. It's very important to ask Dr O'Neill questions about your eyelid surgery. It's natural to feel some anxiety, whether it's excitement for your anticipated new look or a bit of preoperative stress. Don't be shy about discussing these feelings with your plastic surgeon.

THE PROCEDURE

Step 1 – Anaesthesia

Medications are administered for your comfort during the surgical procedure. The choices include oral or intravenous sedation or general anaesthesia.

Dr O'Neill will recommend the best choice for you.

Step 2 – The incision

The incision lines for eyelid surgery are designed so the resultant scars will be well concealed within the natural structures of the eyelid region.

The upper eyelid can be corrected through an incision within the natural crease on the eyelid. This allows for removal or repositioning of fat deposits, tightening of muscles, and removal of excess skin.



Conditions of the lower eyelid may be corrected with an incision just below the lower lash line. Through this incision, excess skin in the lower eyelid is removed. Again, the excess fat can be repositioned or removed.

A transconjunctival incision, created on the inside of the lower eyelid, is an alternate technique to correct lower eyelid conditions and redistribute or remove excess fat. With this technique, no skin is removed.



Step 3 – Closing the incisions

Eyelid incisions typically are closed with:

- Removable sutures
- Skin adhesives
- Surgical tape

Dr O'Neill may suggest use of a laser or chemical peel to reduce discoloration of the lower eyelids.

Step 4 – See the results

The results of eyelid surgery will appear gradually as swelling and bruising subside to reveal a smooth, better-defined eyelid and surrounding region, and an alert and rejuvenated appearance.



RISKS & SAFETY

The decision to have eyelid surgery is personal, and you'll have to decide if this surgery will achieve your goals, and if the potential risks are acceptable. Be sure you understand the surgery and recuperation completely, and don't hesitate to ask Dr O'Neill questions.

The risks include:

- Anaesthesia risks
- Swelling and bruising
- Bleeding from the incision lines
- Dryness to the eyes
- Sensitivity to sun or other bright light
- Difficulty closing your eyes
- Ectropion, an outward rolling of the eyelid
- Infection
- Lid lag, a pulling down of the lower eyelid may occur and is often temporary
- Temporary or even permanent change in vision, and very rare chance of blindness
- Changes in skin sensation
- Pain, which may persist
- Poor wound healing
- Possible need for revision surgery
- Unfavourable scarring

These risks and others will be fully discussed prior to your consent. It is important that you address all your questions directly with Dr O'Neill.



RECOVERY AFTER SURGERY

After your procedure is completed, lubricating ointment and cold compresses may be applied, and in some cases your eyes may be loosely covered with gauze.

You will be given specific instructions that may include how to care for your eyes, medications to apply or take orally to aid healing and reduce the potential for infection, specific concerns to look for at the surgical site or in your overall health, and when to follow-up with Dr O'Neill.

Initial healing may include some swelling, bruising, irritation or dry eyes, and discomfort that can be controlled with medication, cold compresses, and ointment. Irritation at the incision sites is also possible.

Be sure to ask Dr O'Neill specific questions about what you can expect during your individual recovery period.

- Where will I be taken after my surgery is complete?
- What medication will I be given or prescribed after surgery?
- Will I have dressings/bandages after surgery? When will they be removed?
- Are stitches removed? When?
- When can I resume normal activity and exercise?
- When do I return for follow-up care?

You must practice diligent sun protection and use darkly tinted sunglasses until the healing process is fully complete.

RESULTS

The results of eyelid surgery will be long-lasting. Your final results will appear within several weeks, but it may take up to a year for incision lines to fully refine. While eyelid surgery can be expected to correct certain conditions permanently, you will continue to age naturally. Life-long sun protection will help to maintain your results.

Satisfaction with your new image should continue to grow as you recover from surgery. As swelling and bruising subside, the results of eyelid surgery will reveal a smooth, better-defined eyelid and surrounding region and an alert and rejuvenated appearance.

Although good results are expected from your procedure, there is no guarantee. In some situations, it may not be possible to achieve optimal results with a single surgical procedure and another surgery may be necessary.

Following the instructions from Dr O'Neill's office is essential to the success of your surgery. It is important that the surgical incisions are not subjected to excessive force, abrasion, or motion during the time of healing. You will be given specific instructions on how to care for yourself.

COST

Prices for eyelid surgery can vary. A surgeon's cost may be based on his or her experience, the type of procedure used, and the institution in which the procedure takes place.

Cost may include:

- Anaesthesia fees
- Hospital or surgical facility costs
- Medical tests
- Prescriptions for medication
- Surgeon's fee

Health insurance may contribute towards the cost of upper blepharoplasty if the skin of the upper eyelids rests on the eyelashes.

Your satisfaction involves more than a fee:

When choosing a plastic surgeon for eyelid surgery, remember that the surgeon's experience and your comfort with him or her are just as important as the final cost of the surgery.

Plastic surgery involves many choices. The first and most important is selecting an Australian Society of Plastic Surgeons (ASPS) member surgeon you can trust.

ASPS member surgeons meet rigorous standards:

- Are qualified with a Fellowship from the Royal Australasian College of Surgeons® in Plastic Surgery - FRACS(Plast.)

- Complete at least six years of surgical training following medical school with a minimum of five years of plastic surgery specialist training
- Pass comprehensive oral and written exams
- Graduate from an accredited medical school
- Complete continuing medical education each year
- Perform surgery in accredited surgical facilities

Do not be confused by other official sounding societies and certifications.

Founded in 1970, the Australian Society of Plastic Surgeons (ASPS) is the peak body for Specialist Plastic Surgeons (both reconstructive and cosmetic). Beware of the term "cosmetic surgeon" as this is open to exploitation by any doctor with a mere internship qualification. In Australia, junior doctors with no specialist training are legally permitted to use the term which may misrepresent their skill level. By choosing a member of The Australian Society of Plastic Surgeons, you can be assured that you are choosing a qualified, highly trained plastic surgeon who is certified by the Royal Australasian College of Surgeons RACS.

This brochure is intended strictly for educational purposes. It is not intended to make any representations or warranties about the outcome of any procedure. It is not a substitute for a thorough, in-person consultation with a specialist plastic surgeon.

QUESTIONS TO ASK MY PLASTIC SURGEON

Use this checklist as a guide during your consultation

- Are you a fellow of the Royal Australasian College of Surgeons in Plastic & Reconstructive Surgery - FRACS(Plast.)?
- Are you a member of the Australian Society of Plastic Surgeons?
- Were you trained specifically in the field of plastic surgery?
- How many years of plastic surgery training have you had?
- Do you have hospital privileges to perform this procedure? If so, at which hospitals?
- Am I a good candidate for this procedure?
- What will be expected of me to get the best results?
- Where and how will you perform my procedure?
- What surgical technique is recommended for me?
- How long of a recovery period can I expect and what kind of help will I need during my recovery?
- What are the risks and complications associated with my procedure?
- How are complications handled?
- How can I expect my eyes to look over time?
- What are my options if I am dissatisfied with the cosmetic outcome of my eyelid surgery?
- Do you have before-and-after photos I can look at for this procedure and what results are reasonable for me?



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Dr O'Neill is dedicated to advancing quality care in plastic surgery by encouraging high standards in training, ethics, surgeon practice, research, and continuing medical education.